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TO: Local District Commissioners, Medicaid Directors

FROM: Mark Kissinger, Director Division of Long Term Care

SUBJECT: Availability of 24-Hour Split-Shift Personal Care Services

EFFECTIVE DATE: Immediately

CONTACT PERSON: Margaret Willard, 518-474-5888

The Department has been directed by the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York, in connection with the case of <u>Strouchler v. Shah</u>, to clarify the proper interpretation and application of 18 NYCRR 505.14 with respect to the availability of 24-hour, split-shift personal care services for needs that are predicted and for Medicaid recipients whose only nighttime need is turning and positioning.

It is the Department's policy that 24-hour split-shift care should be authorized only when a person's nighttime needs cannot be met by a live-in aide or through either or both of the following: (1)adaptive or specialized equipment or supplies including, but not limited to, bedside commodes, urinals, walkers, wheelchairs, and insulin pens, when the social services district determines that such equipment or supplies can be provided safely and cost-effectively; and (2)voluntary assistance available from informal caregivers or formal services provided by an entity or agency.

When a person's nighttime needs cannot be met by the use of adaptive or specialized equipment or supplies or voluntary assistance from informal caregivers or formal services, a determination must be made whether the person needs 24-hour split-shift care (included within the regulatory definition of "continuous personal care services") or live-in 24-hour personal care services. Under Section 505.14, this depends on whether the person needs "some" or "total" assistance with toileting, walking, transferring, or feeding, and whether these needs are "frequent" or "infrequent", and able to be "scheduled" or "predicted".

The intent of the regulation is to allow the identification of situations in which a person's needs can be met by a live-in aide and still allow the aide to have an uninterrupted five hours for sleeping. The Department is considering changes to the regulations to better achieve this goal.

In the meantime, the Department provides the following clarifications:

1. The fact that a person's needs are predictable does not preclude the receipt of 24-hour split-shift care, if the person has a documented medical need for the tasks to be performed with a frequency that would not allow a live-in aide to perform them and still obtain an uninterrupted five hours of sleep.

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2. The need for turning and positioning and/or the need for diaper changes, by themselves, neither preclude nor justify the receipt of 24-hour splitshift care. In order to receive 24-hour split-shift care, the person must have a documented medical need for those tasks to be performed so frequently that a live-in aide cannot provide them and still obtain an uninterrupted five hours of sleep.

- 3. A person with a documented medical need for turning and positioning may, if otherwise appropriate, qualify for either 24-hour split-shift care or live-in care depending on the frequency at which turning and positioning is required at night, regardless of whether the person has a nighttime need for transferring.
- 4. When determining whether a person requires 24-hour split-shift care or live-in care, the local professional director must consider whether the physician's order and other required assessments document the following:
 - The existence of a medical condition that directly causes the person to need frequent assistance with personal care services tasks during the night;
 - The specific task or tasks with which the person requires frequent assistance during the night;
 - The frequency at which the person requires assistance with these tasks during the night;
 - Whether the person requires similar assistance with these tasks during the daylight hours and, if not, why not;
 - The informal supports or formal services that are willing, able and available to provide assistance with the person's nighttime tasks;
 - The person's ability to use adaptive or specialized equipment or supplies to meet his or her documented medical need for assistance with nighttime tasks; and whether the person's physician has documented that, due to the person's medical condition, he or she could not safely use the equipment or supplies; and
 - Whether a live-in aide would likely be able to obtain an uninterrupted five hours of sleep were live-in services to be authorized.

If you have any questions concerning this policy, please contact Margaret Willard at the above number.