

FAMILY INDEPENDENCE ADMINISTRATION

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POLICY BULLETIN #08-113-ELI

TREATMENT OF INCOME FROM ADOPTION SUBSIDY PAYMENTS AND FOSTER CARE PAYMENTS FOR FOOD STAMPS

Date: September 5, 2008	Subtopic(s): Budgeting
This procedure can now be accessed on the FIAweb.	The purpose of this policy bulletin is to inform Job Center and Non Cash Assistance Food Stamp (NCA FS) Center staff of a change in the treatment of adoption subsidy payments and foster care payments for Food Stamp (FS) budgeting purposes. The Food Stamp Reauthorization Act of 2002 permitted the exclusion of certain types of income for purposes of determining FS eligibility and benefit amounts for individuals included in the FS household. New York State determined that the entire amount of adoption subsidy payments and foster care payments should be excluded as income for individuals included in the FS household. However, based on a recent clarification from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), New York State may no longer automatically exclude the entire amount of adoption subsidy payments and foster care payments as income when determining FS eligibility and benefit amounts.
	Adoption subsidy payments and/or foster care payments received in excess of allowable, verified reimbursable expenses must now be counted as unearned income when determining FS eligibility and benefit amounts. This means that when determining FS eligibility and benefit amounts, only the payment amount required for a reimbursable expense can be excluded.

Payments for normal living expenses such as rent or mortgage, utilities, personal clothing or food eaten at home, **may not be excluded** as income. To be excluded as income the reimbursement amount must be for a specifically identified expense that is <u>not</u> a normal living expense. Examples of such expenses include, but are not limited to, school activities, music lessons, camp fees, and therapeutic services not covered by medical insurance. For example:

A FS household in receipt of a \$500 monthly adoption subsidy payment has verified an expense of \$200 monthly for music lessons. As this is a reimbursable expense, only \$300 of the adoption subsidy will be considered as income.

Adoption subsidy payments

FS households that have income from adoption subsidy payments in excess of allowable, verified reimbursable expenses must have their budget changed to include the unearned income. Adoption subsidy payments are budgeted using income source code **13**.

Foster care payments

Children who are in foster care are not required to be included in the FS household of their foster parent(s). The FS household has the option to include or exclude the child from the FS household.

If the foster child for whom the payments are being received is included in the FS household, the foster care payments in excess of the allowable, verified reimbursable expenses must be treated as unearned income to the FS household. Foster care payments are budgeted using income source code **59**. If the child is not included in the FS household, then the total amount of the foster care payments must be excluded as income to the FS household.

The decision of the FS household to include or exclude the foster care child must be made no later than the household's next recertification. Staff must assist these households in making this decision by showing them the amount of FS benefits the household would receive in each option.

The New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance has revised the Food Stamp Benefits Household Composition Desk Guide (**LDSS-4314**) to reflect the changes in the treatment of foster care payments in the FS budget. The change in the treatment of adoption subsidy payments and foster care payments is effective immediately for new applications and no later than the next recertification for active FS cases.

CA Policy

There has been no change in the Cash Assistance (CA) policy regarding the treatment of adoption subsidy or foster care income.

A child on whose behalf an adoption subsidy is being received is not required to be included in the CA household that receives the adoption subsidy. The CA household has the option to include or exclude the child from the CA household. If the household decides to include the child, the adoption subsidy must be budgeted. If the CA household decides not to include the child, the adoption subsidy is excluded as income to the CA household.

A child on whose behalf foster care income is being received is not considered a part of the CA filing unit. The foster care income is exempt for CA budgeting purposes.

Effective immediately

References:

<u>18 NYCRR 352.22 (g)</u> <u>18 NYCRR 369.2 (f)(1)(ii)</u> <u>18 NYCRR 387.10 (b)(3)(ii)</u> <u>08-ADM-04</u> <u>92 ADM-42</u> <u>ABEL Transmittal 08-1</u>

Attachment:

□ Please use Print on Demand to obtain copies of forms. Food Stamp Benefits Household Composition Desk Guide (Rev. 6/08)

FOOD STAMP BENEFITS HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION DESK GUIDE

All persons, even if they are members of different families, who customarily purchase and prepare meals together are to be considered members of the same Food Stamp Benefits household.

RELATIONSHIPS:	SITUATION RESULT	
Spouses Living Together	Must always be considered as a single household.	
Parents and their Children, 21 Years of Age or Younger, Living Together (Includes Stepchildren) regardless of whether the children have a spouse or children of their own.	Must be considered as a single household.	
Children Under 18	Must be considered as a single household.	
(Except Foster Children)	(<i>Reminder</i> : A child under 18 living with their spouse or child is not considered under parental	
Under the Parental Control of an Adult Household Member Who Is Not the Children's Parent or Stepparent.		
NOTE: There is no age requirement for an individual not under parental control to receive food stamp benefits.		
CIRCUMSTANCES CAUSING INELIGIBILITY:	SITUATION RESULT	
Resident of Institution	 Ineligible unless a resident of a: Drug/alcohol/Treatment facility Subsidized housing for the elderly Shelter for the homeless Certain group living arrangement Shelter for battered women and children 	
Ineligible Student	Non-household member. (Income and resources are excluded. The household can claim their prorated share of expenses.)	
Work Rules Sanctioned or Intentional Program Violation Disqualified	Excluded household member. (Income and resources are counted in their entirety. The household can claim full expenses.)	
An individual who fails to provide or apply for a Social Security Number (SSN), or any individual who if unable to provide a SSN, fails to apply for a SSN	Excluded household member. (Income is prorated; resources are counted in their entirety. Expenses paid by or billed to the excluded person are prorated.) Applying for or providing the SSN immediately brings the excluded individual into compliance.	
A household that fails to or refuses to cooperate in the SSN validation process.	The food stamp case is closed.	

FOOD STAMP BENEFITS HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION DESK GUIDE

Persons residing together who do not meet any of the previous definitions may be separate households if they purchase and prepare food separately from the other persons.

SPECIAL LIVING ARRANGEMENT:	SITUATION RESULT
Boarder (Room and Meals)	Not a part of the household, but may be considered to be a member of a household at the household's request.
	 May never be a separate household. The following can never be considered boarders: Parents and children, age 21 and younger who live together. A spouse of a member of the household. Children under 18 years of age who are under the parental control of an adult member of the household including a sibling.
Roomer (Room, No Meals)	Not considered part of household, but may apply as a separate household.
Shared Living (Pays a Share of Shelter Expenses)	Not considered part of household, but may apply as a separate household.
Elderly Individuals and their Spouses	Separate household status may be granted to those elderly individuals and their spouse who cannot purchase and prepare their own meals because they suffer from certain disabilities, even if they are living and eating with others, if they meet certain conditions.*
Foster Children	It is the household's decision to include or exclude foster children as household members. If included, those foster care payments that cannot be excluded as verified reimbursements are counted as income. If excluded, the foster care payments are not counted as income.

*ALL OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS MUST BE MET:

- The individual must be 60 years of age or older; and
- The individual must suffer from a disability considered permanent under the Social Security Act or from a non-disease related, severe, permanent disability and be unable to purchase and prepare meals; **and**
- The gross income of the others with whom the individual resides (excluding the income of the individual and the spouse) cannot exceed 165% of the poverty level.

STUDENTS:

In order to participate in the Food Stamp Program, a student who is at least 18 years old but less than 50 years old and is not disabled must meet one of the following criteria:

- Be receiving Family Assistance or Federally funded Safety Net Assistance Benefits.
- Provide more than half the physical care for a child under 6 or an incapacitated person.
- Be enrolled full time and be a single parent responsible for the care of a child under 12.
- Provide more than half the care of a child under 12 and not have adequate child care to work and go to school.
- Be participating during the school year in a State or Federally financed work study program funded under Title IV-C.
- Be employed for a minimum of 20 hours per week and be paid. If self employed, must be working a minimum of 20 hours and earn an amount equal to the Federal minimum wage x 20 hours.
- Was placed in school through JTPA, FSE&T, JOBS or DOL.