Curbing the Mortgage Meltdown: The Impact of Foreclosures on New York's Economy and Communities

An Analysis of Securitized Subprime Loans At Risk

(In Foreclosure, Delinquent, or Scheduled for Interest Rate Increases)

[Revised August 5, 2008]



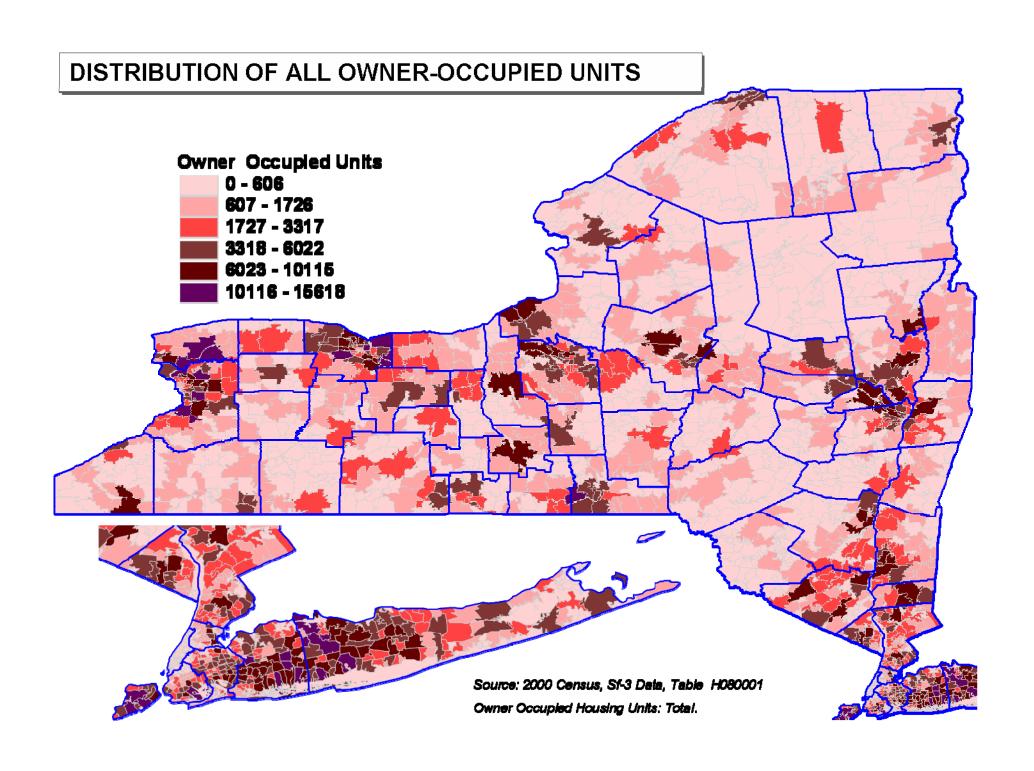
More and more we're seeing sights like these on the New York landscape:

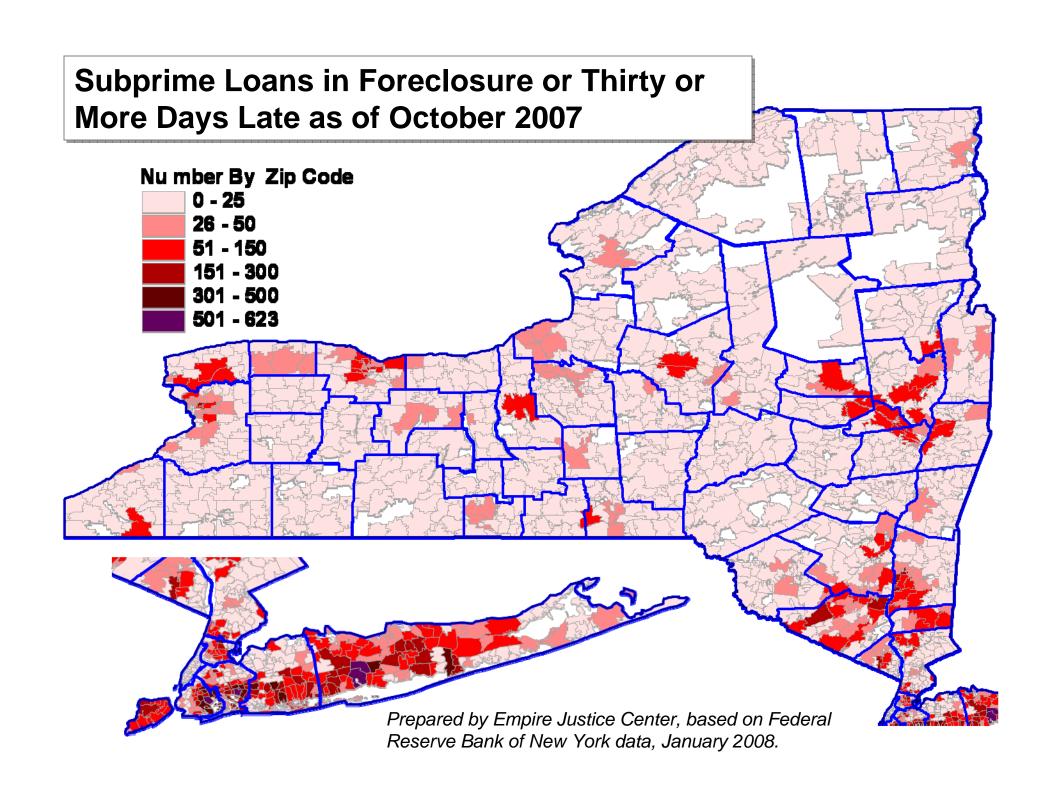


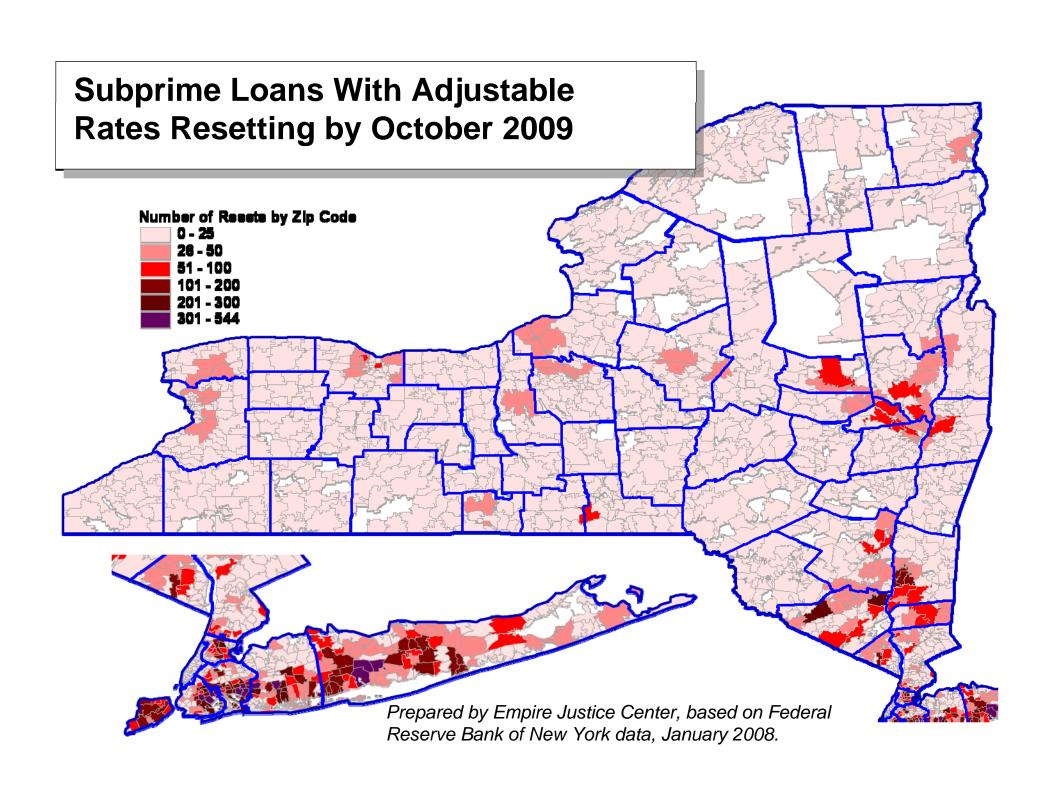






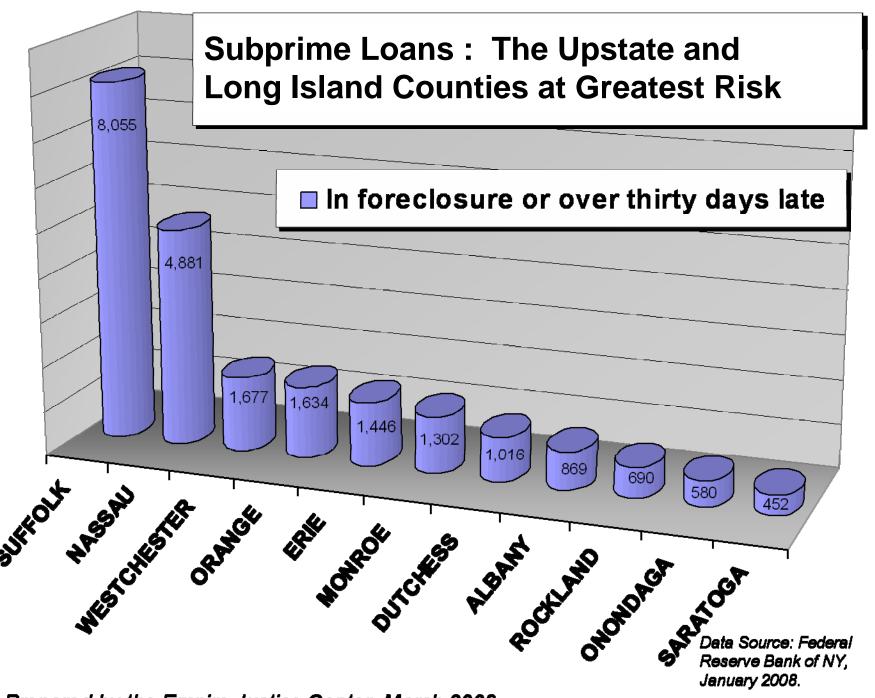




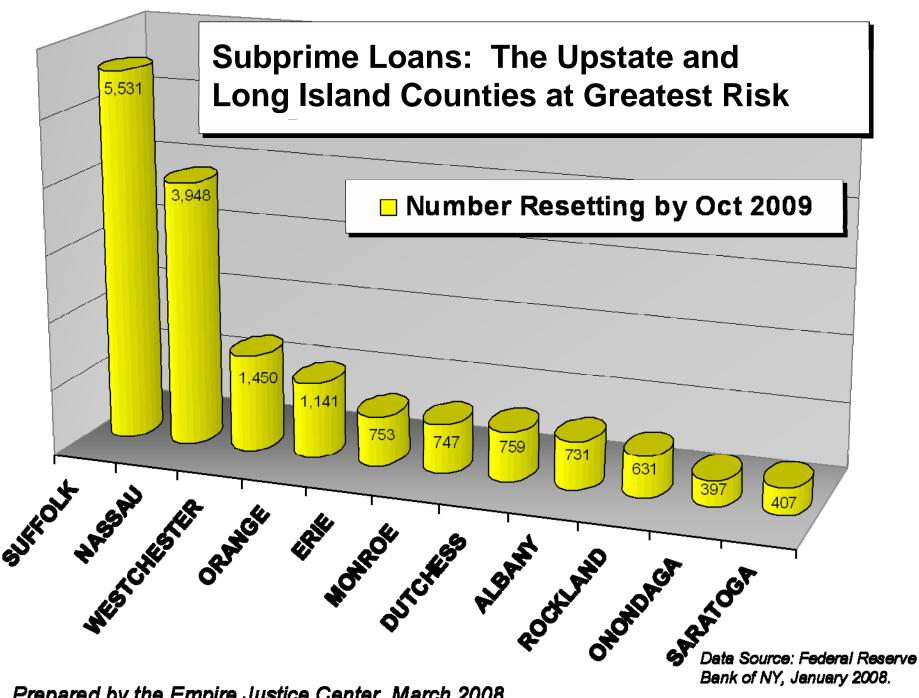


Summarizing the Statewide Data

	TOTAL	30+ PAST DUE	RESETS
NY State	141,934	42,013 (30%)	31,908 (22%)
Upstate	40,988 <i>(28%)</i>	12,436 <i>(30%)</i>	9,479 <i>(30%)</i>
Long Island	57,865 <i>(41%)</i>	16,526 <i>(39%)</i>	10,868 <i>(34%)</i>
NY City	43,081 (31%)	13,051 (31%) Empire Justice Center	11,561 <i>(36%)</i>



Prepared by the Empire Justice Center, March 2008.



Prepared by the Empire Justice Center, March 2008.

Top 20 Counties – Subprime Loans 30 or more days late captured in the Federal Reserve dataset (out of the state total of 28,248)

1.	Suffolk	(5,177)	11.	Dutchess	(740)
2.	Queens	(3,408)	12.	Albany	(638)
3.	Nassau	(3,232)	13.	Rockland	(481)
4.	Kings	(2,449)	14.	Onondaga	(454)
5 .	Erie	(1,174)	15.	Saratoga	(362)
6.	Orange	(1,164)	16.	Niagara	(318)
7.	Westchester	(1,116)	17.	Rensselaer	(307)
8.	Bronx	(1,083)	18.	Ulster	(302)
9.	Monroe	(1,014)	19.	Broome	(227)
10.	Richmond	(844)	20.	Cayuga & Fulton	(194)

New York City boroughs are indicated in Blue



Top 20 Counties – Subprime Loans Captured in the Federal Reserve Dataset Resetting by October 2009 (out of state total of 31,908)

1.	Suffolk	(5,531)	11. Monroe	(747)
2.	Queens	(5,130)	12. Albany	(731)
3.	Nassau	(3,948)	13. Rockland	(631)
4.	Kings	(3,556)	14. Saratoga	(407)
5 .	Bronx	(1,626)	15. Onondaga	(397)
6.	Westchester	(1,450)	16. Rensselaer	(315)
7 .	Richmond	(1154)	17. Ulster	(267)
8.	Orange	(1141)	18. Broome	(199)
9.	Dutchess	(759)	19. Franklin	(184)
10.	Erie	(753)	20. Niagara	(181)

New York City boroughs are indicated in Blue



What will be the economic impact on New York State if we fail to act soon?

- 125,000 homes will be lost to foreclosure *
 - -- The tax base will decline by \$65 billion *
- Almost 3.5 million neighboring homes will be affected, more than 1 per neighborhood *
 - -- Neighborhood properties will decline in value by an average of \$18,000 *

^{*} Source: http://www.responsiblelending.org/pdfs/new-york-state-info-with-fc-starts



What will be the economic impact on New York State if we fail to act soon?

And according to the U.S. Conference of Mayors:

- NY is set to lose \$830 million in tax revenue 2008
 - \$686 million in local property tax growth
 - \$97 million in sales tax revenue
 - \$47 million in transfer tax revenue
- NY will lose nearly \$13 billion in gross metropolitan product as a result of the foreclosure crisis in 2008. *



^{*} Source: <u>U.S. Metro Economies</u>: <u>The Mortgage Crisis</u>, Prepared for The United States Conference of Mayors and the Council for the New American City, Global Insight, Inc. (November 2007)

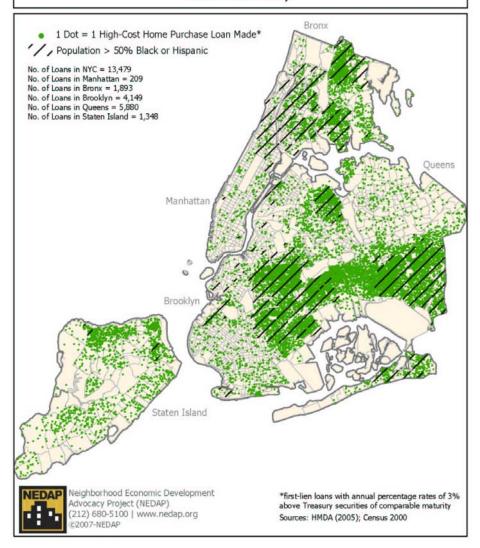
Taking a Closer Look:

New York City



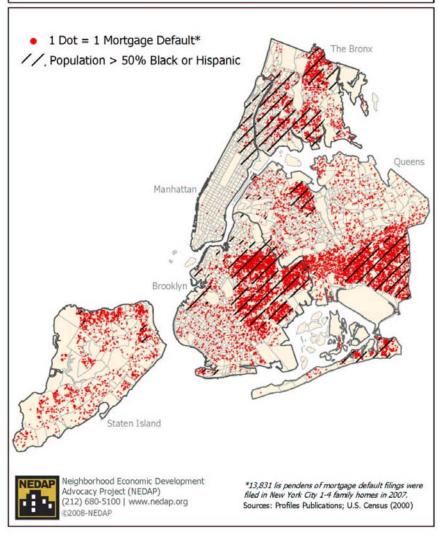
HIGH-COST HOME PURCHASE LOANS MADE - 2005

New York City



FORECLOSURE PATTERNS - 2007

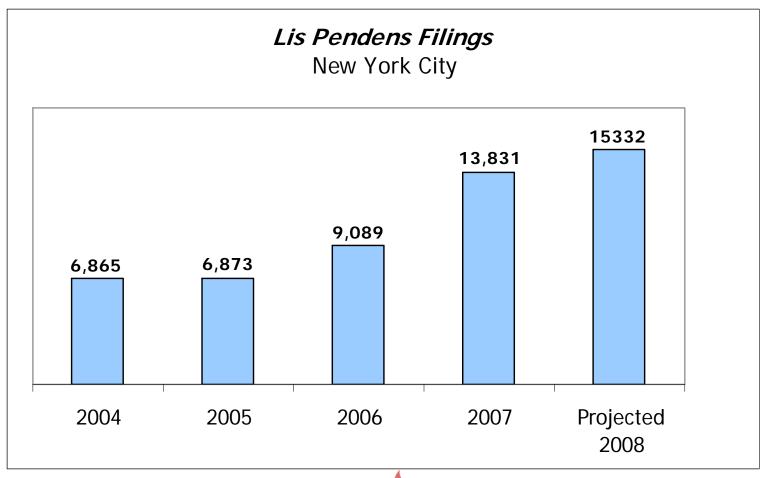
New York City





Foreclosure Actions Filed in NYC 2004 – 2008

Created by NEDAP





Foreclosures in NYC - 2005-2007

1-4 Family Homes

Borough	2005	2006	2007
Queens	2,666	3,624	5,789
Brooklyn	2,557	3,307	4,895
Bronx	808	1,128	1,585
Staten Island	803	986	1,500
NYC	6,873	9,088	13,831

Source: NEDAP; Profiles Publications (weekly reports)



Taking a Closer Look:

Long Island

(Nassau and Suffolk Counties)



SUFFOLK COUNTY: Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

There were a total of **24,480** subprime loans captured in the Federal Reserve dataset in Suffolk County.

By October 2007, **8,055** (33%) were already in jeopardy:

- *5,177* (21%) were *30 or more days late*
- 2,878 (12%) were already in foreclosure

In addition, 22% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.



Suffolk County Zip Codes with the Highest Foreclosure Risk

The three zip codes with the highest number of loans in foreclosure or over 30 days late were:

Amityville:

623 loans in foreclosure, and 11% of the county's African American homeowners

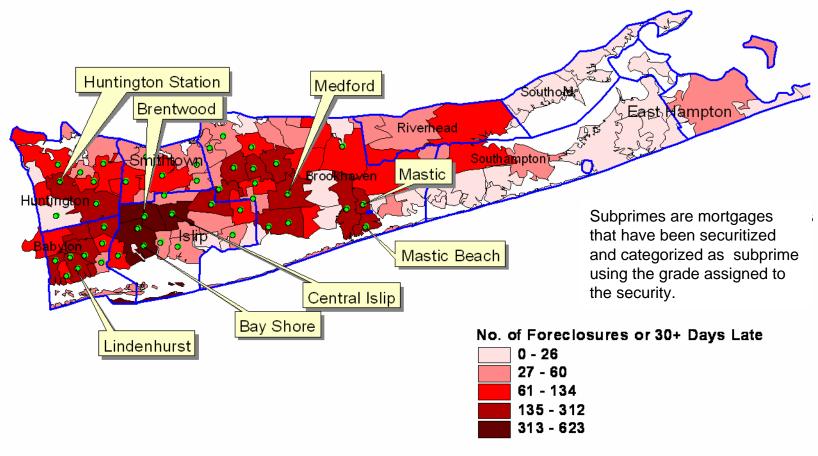
Brentwood:

526 loans in foreclosure, and 8% of the county's African American homeowners

Central Islip:

433 loans in foreclosure, and 11% of the county's African American homeowners

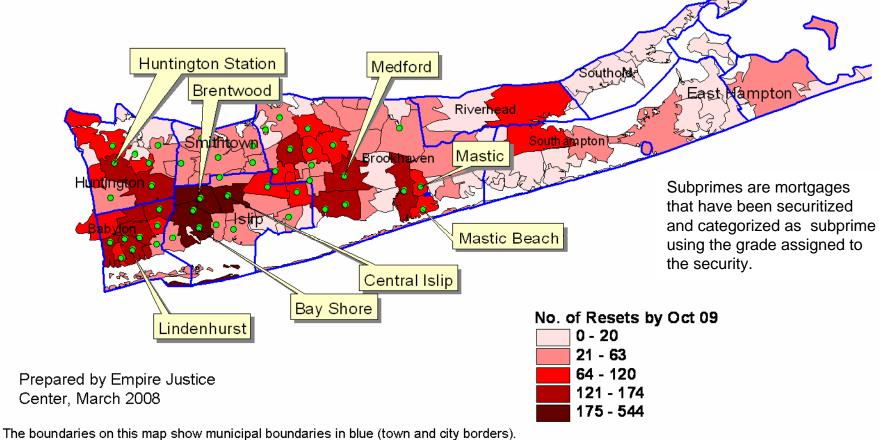
SUFFOLK COUNTY: Subprimes Already in Foreclosure Or Over 30Days Later



Prepared by Empire Justice Center, March 2008

The boundaries on this map show municipal boundaries in blue (town and city borders). The color-groupings are based on zip code totals, and reflect zip code boundaries in black. Zip Codes often cross municipal boundaries.

SUFFLOK COUNTY: Subprimes Resetting by October 2009



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Suffolk County Foreclosures Impact Minority Homeowners

African American homeowners are *THREE times* more likely than white homeowners to live in the most impacted zip codes.

Of the **8,055** loans in jeopardy (in foreclosure or 30 days or more late) in Suffolk County:

- 42% of the loans are in only 10 out of 102 zip codes
- 66% of Suffolk County's African American homeowners live in these highly impacted zip codes
 - -- In contrast, only **20%** of Suffolk County's white homeowners live in these areas



NASSAU COUNTY:

Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

There were a total of **16,508** subprime loans captured in the Federal Reserve dataset.

By October 2007 **4,881** (30%) were already in jeopardy:

- *3,232* (20%) were *30 or more days late*
- 1,649 (10%) were already in foreclosure

In addition, 24% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.



Top Nassau County Zip Codes Impacted by Foreclosures:

The *three worst zip codes* (those with the highest number of loans in foreclosure or over 30 days late) were:

Hempstead:

475 loans in foreclosure, and **18%** of the county's African American homeowners

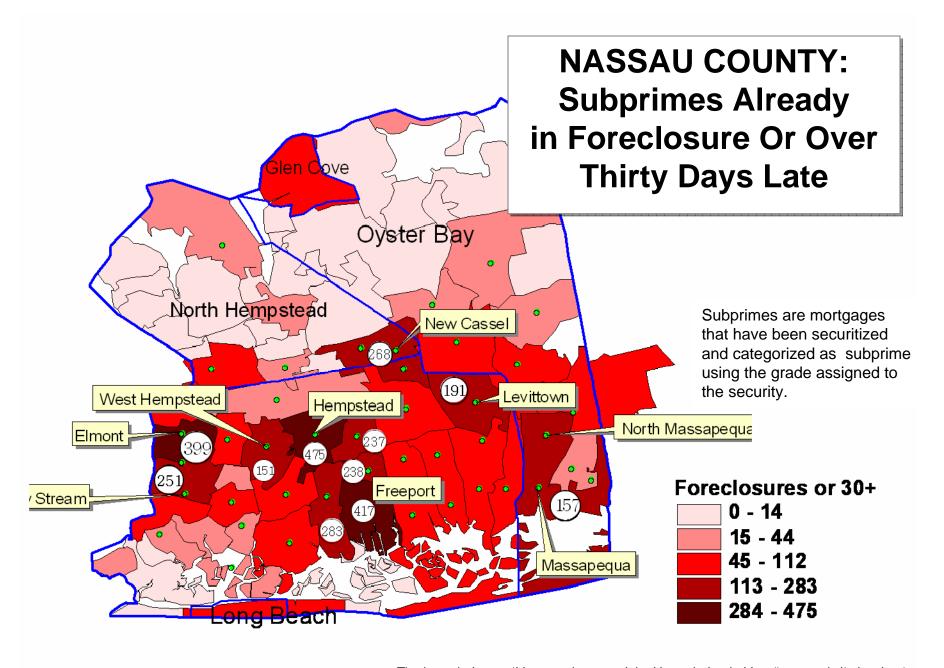
Freeport:

417 loans in foreclosure, and **12%** of the county's African American homeowners

Elmont:

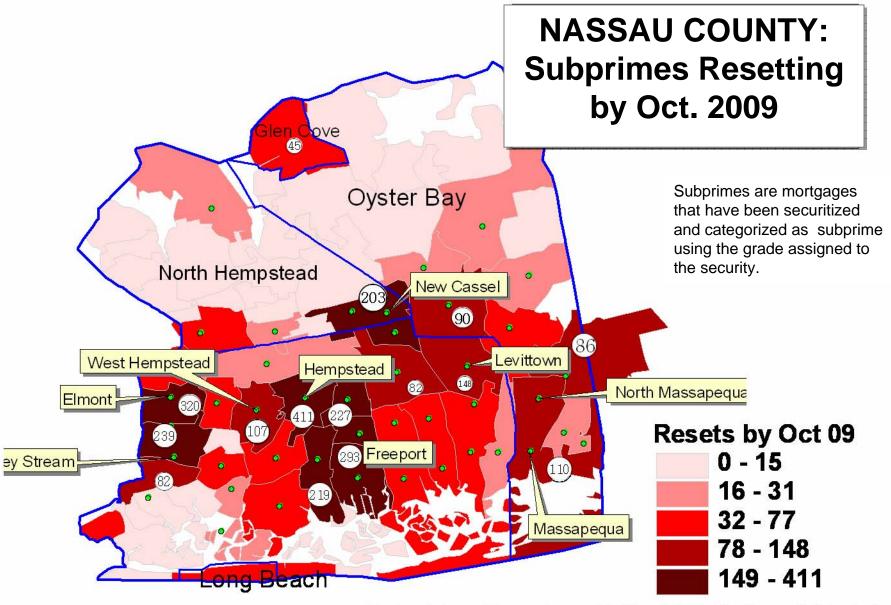
399 loans in foreclosure, and **12%** of the county's African American homeowners





Prepared by Empire Justice Center, **March 2008**

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Zip Codes often cross municipal boundaries.

Nassau County Foreclosures Impact Minority Homeowners

African American homeowners are *FOUR times* more likely than white homeowners to live in the most impacted zip codes.

Of the 4,881 loans that are in foreclosure (or 30 or more days late) in Nassau County:

- 60% (2,916) are concentrated in 10 out of 67 zip codes
- 85% of Nassau County's African American homeowners live in these 10 zip codes
 - -- Only **20%** of all of the white homeowners live in these same neighborhoods.



42% of Nassau County's African American homeowners live in the three neighborhoods most impacted by foreclosures

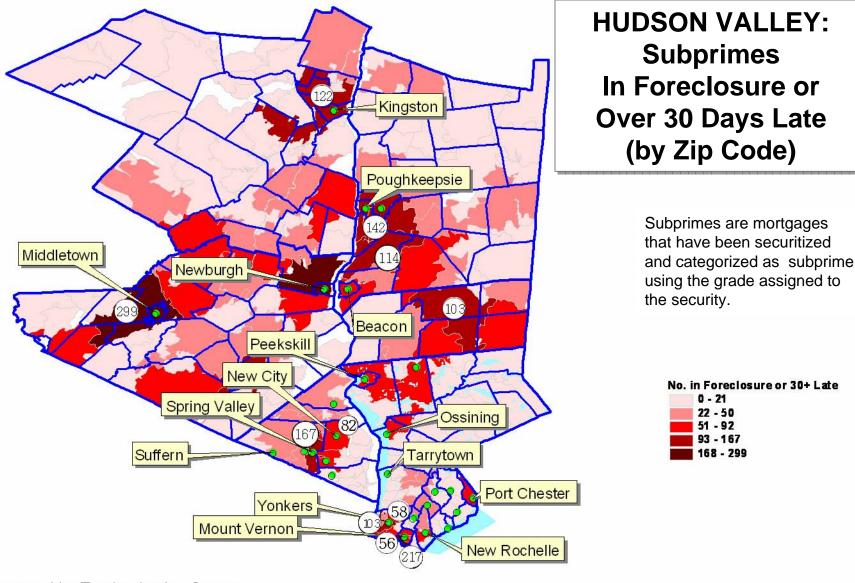


Taking a Closer Look:

Hudson Valley

(Westchester, Orange, Dutchess and Rockland Counties)



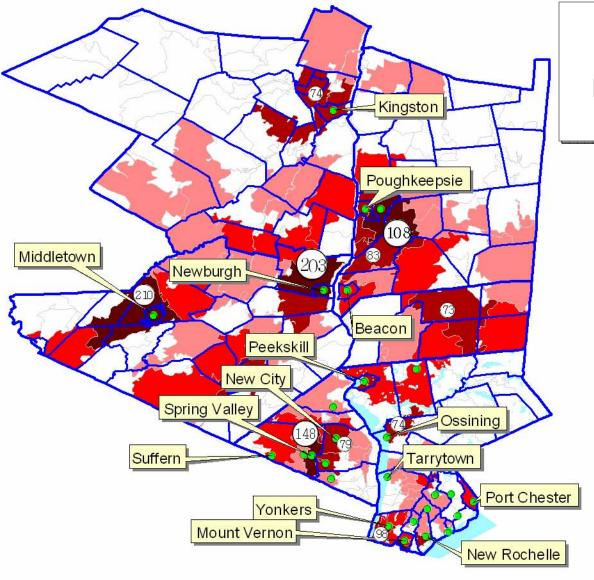


Prepared by Empire Justice Center, March 2008

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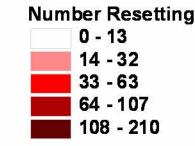
The color-groupings are based on zip code totals, and reflect zip code boundaries.

Zip Codes often cross municipal boundaries. (Portions of the zip codes that cross out of Westchester, Rockland, Putnam, Dutchess, Ulster and Sullivan counties have been deleted).



HUDSON VALLEY: Subprimes Resetting by Oct 2009 (by Zip Code)

Subprimes are mortgages that have been securitized and categorized as subprime using the grade assigned to the security.



Prepared by Empire Justice Center, March 2008

The boundaries on this map show municipal boundaries (town and city borders).

The color-groupings are based on zip code totals, and reflect zip code boundaries.

Zip Codes often cross municipal boundaries. (Portions of the zip codes that cross out of Westchester, Rockland, Putnam, Dutchess, Ulster and Sullivan counties have been deleted).

WESTCHESTER COUNTY:

Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

There were a total of *6,533* subprime loans made in Westchester County captured in the Federal Reserve dataset.

By October 2007, 1,677 (26%) were in jeopardy:

- **1,116** (17%) were over 30 days late
- **561** (8.5%) were already in foreclosure

In addition, 22% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.



ORANGE COUNTY:

Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

There were a total of *5,192* subprime loans made in Orange County captured in the Federal Reserve dataset .

By October 2007 *1,634* (31%) were in jeopardy:

- 1,164 (22%) were 30 days or more late
- 470 (9%) were in already in foreclosure

In addition, 22% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.



DUTCHESS COUNTY:

Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

There were a total of *3,569* subprime loans made in Dutchess County captured in the Federal Reserve dataset.

By October 2007, 1,016 (28%) were in jeopardy:

- 740 (20%) were 30 days or more late
- 276 (8%) were already in foreclosure

In addition, 21% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.

ROCKLAND COUNTY:

Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

There were a total of **2,512** subprime loans made in Rockland County captured in the Federal Reserve dataset .

By October 2007, *690* (28%) were in jeopardy:

- 481 (19%) were 30 days or more late
- 209 (8%) were already in foreclosure

In addition 25% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.



Taking a Closer Look:

Greater Capital District

(Albany, Schenectady, Rensselaer, and Saratoga Counties)



CAPITAL DISTRICT:

Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

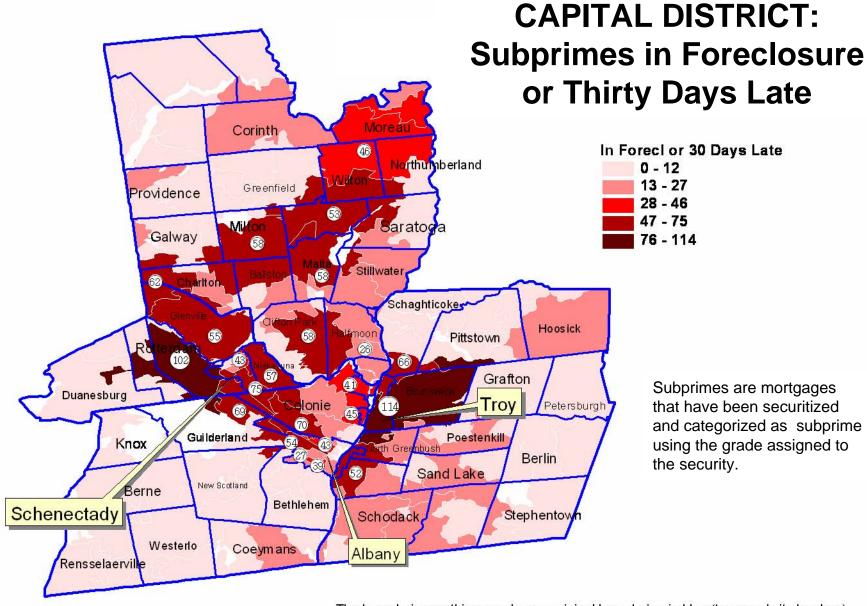
There were a total of **6,499** subprime loans originated in Albany, Schenectady, Rensselaer and Saratoga Counties captured in the Federal Reserve dataset.

By October 2007, 1,811 (28%) were in jeopardy:

- 1,358 (21%) were 30 or more days late
- 453 (7%) were in *already in foreclosure*

In addition, 23% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.

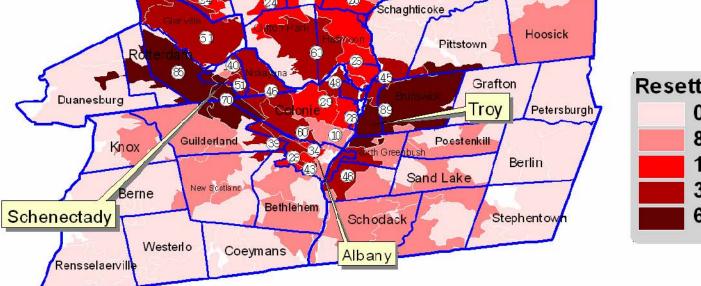




Prepared by Empire Justice Center, March 2008 The boundaries on this map show municipal boundaries in blue (town and city borders). The color-groupings are based on zip code totals, and reflect zip code boundaries in white. Zip Codes often cross municipal boundaries.



Subprimes are mortgages that have been securitized and categorized as subprime using the grade assigned to the security.



Northum berland

Saratoga

llwater

Corinth

Providence

Galway

Greenfield

Resetting by Oct 09

0 - 7

8 - 18

19 - 34

35 - 60

61 - 89

The boundaries on this map show municipal boundaries in blue (town and city borders). The color-groupings are based on zip code totals, and reflect zip code boundaries in white. Zip Codes often cross municipal boundaries.

Prepared by Empire Justice Center, **March 2008**

Taking a Closer Look:

Buffalo Area

(Erie and Niagara Counties)



ERIE COUNTY:

Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

There were a total of **5,404** subprime loans made in Erie County captured in the Federal Reserve dataset .

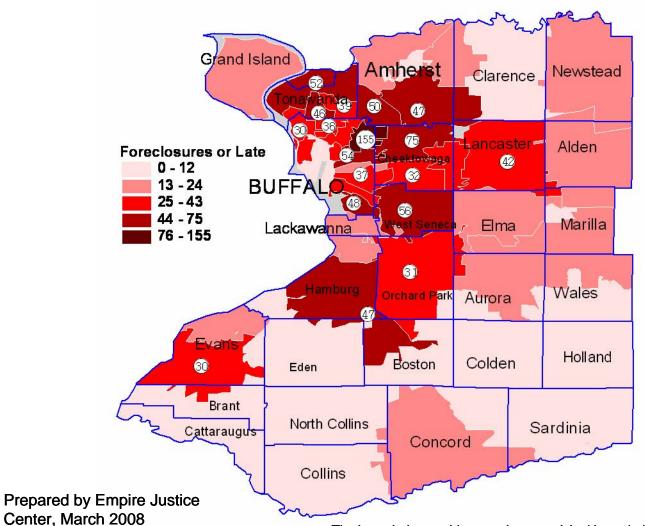
By October 2007, 1,446 (27%) were in jeopardy:

- 1,174 (22%) were *over 30 days late*
- 272 (5%) were in *already in foreclosure*

In addition, 27% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.

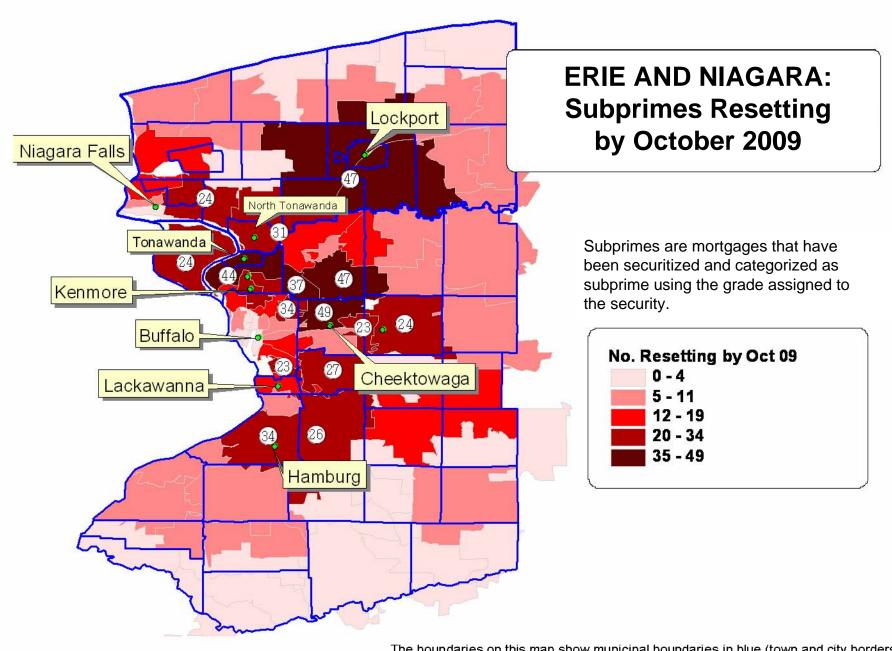


ERIE COUNTY: In Foreclosure or More Than 30 Days Late (by Zip Code)



Based upon 2006 mortgages that have been securitized and categorized as subprime using the grade assigned to the security.

The boundaries on this map show municipal boundaries in blue (town and city borders). The color-groupings are based on zip code totals, and reflect zip code boundaries in white. Zip Codes often cross municipal boundaries. 41



Prepared by Empire Justice Center, March 2008

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ERIE COUNTY:

Neighborhood Impact – Zip Code 14215

Zip Code 14215 crosses the border between Buffalo and Cheektowaga.

ONE-THIRD of ALL African American homeowners in Erie County (6,053 out of 17,857) live in Zip Code 14215.

Between 1990 and 2000, there was a *huge increase* in the population of African Americans here, perhaps because the area offers *safer neighborhoods* and access to different *schools*.

Zip Code 14215 is the *hardest hit* zip code in Erie County:

- It has **8.4%** of all subprime loans made in Erie County as captured in the Federal Reserve dataset.
- There were **454** new subprime loans. (Other zip codes were not close at all.)
- **155** of these loans were already in **foreclosure or delinquent** by October 2007.

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ERIE COUNTY:

Neighborhood Impact

- After 14215 and 14208, the next two highest rate* zip codes in Erie county, Zip Codes 14214 and 14211, account for another 25 % of all of the African American homeowners in Erie County.
- Taken together these four zip codes include over 71% of the County's African American homeowners.
- In contrast, these four zip codes account for only 8.7% of all of the homeowner units in Erie County, and even more remarkably . . .
- these four zip codes account for only 3.4% of all of the White, non-Latino homeowners in Erie County.

^{*}Excluding East Concord which had only 14 subprime loans.



What do the Federal Reserve Data Set loan numbers for Zip Code 14215 tell us about the racial impact of the subprime crisis?

The decennial census data establishes definitively that Zip Code 14215 had become *an important housing choice destination for minority home buyers and renters* between 1990 and 2000. It had become home to 1/3 of all African American homeowners in Erie County.

A disproportionate share of the homeowners in this zip code were targeted by subprime lenders. Many were put into unaffordable predatory loans that drain their hard-earned equity and jeopardize their homeownership.

These delinquencies and foreclosures affect not only the homeowners in trouble, but all residents of the area. The problem will get still worse as mortgages with adjustable rates reset by October 2009.

The subprime foreclosure crisis in Zip Code 14215 is undercutting the progress made in asset-building by African American homeowners there since the early 1990s. The crisis also jeopardizes gains in increasing minority homeownership in Buffalo and Erie County.

Taking a Closer Look:

Rochester Area

(Monroe County)



MONROE COUNTY:

Delinquencies, Foreclosures and Resets

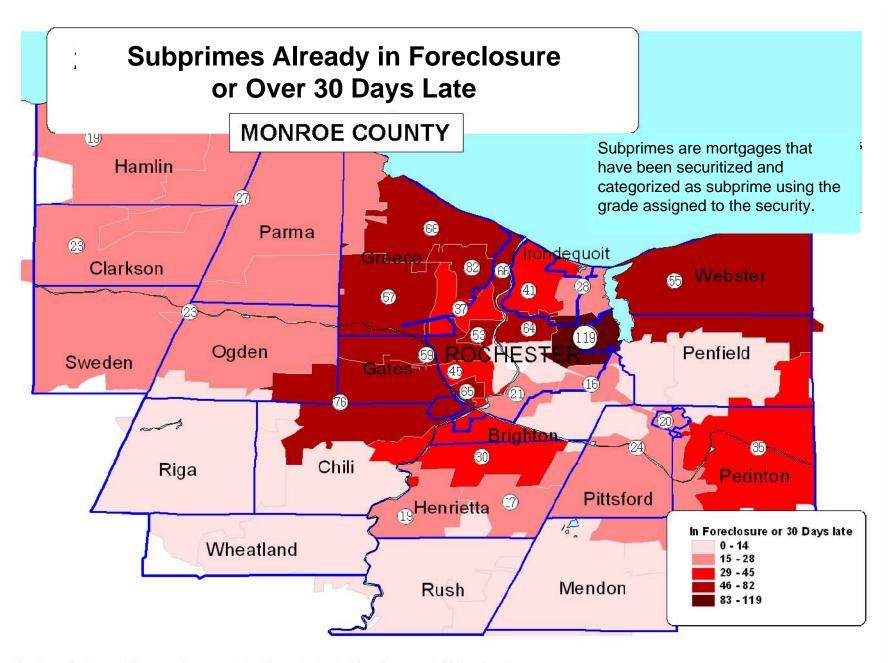
There were a total of 4,707 subprime loans made in Monroe County captured in the Federal Reserve dataset.

By October 2007, 1,302 loans (28%) were in jeopardy:

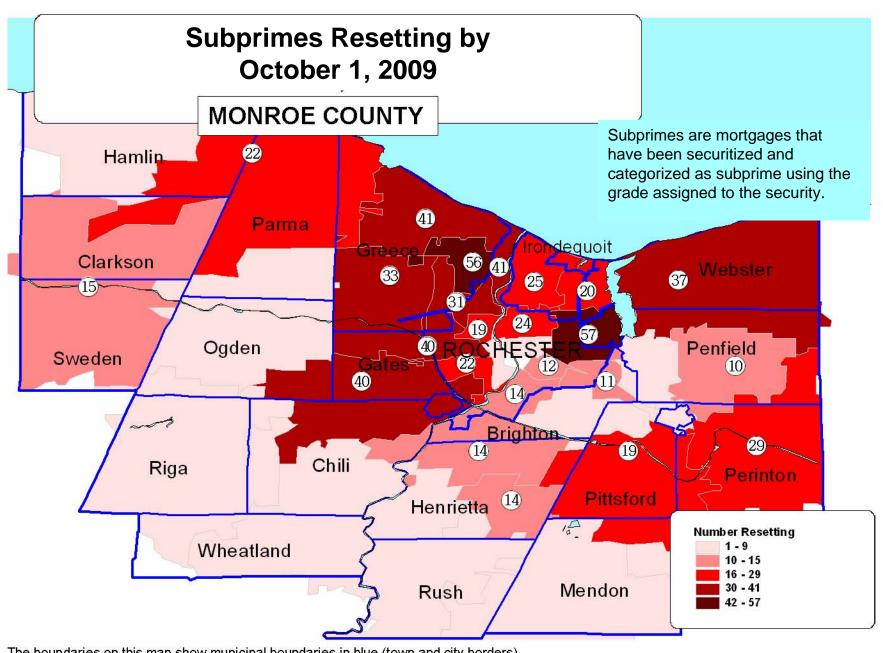
- 1,014 (22%) were over 30 days late
- 288 (6%) were already in foreclosure

In addition, 16% of these subprime mortgages have interest rates that will **RESET** by October 1, 2009.





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Rochester Foreclosures

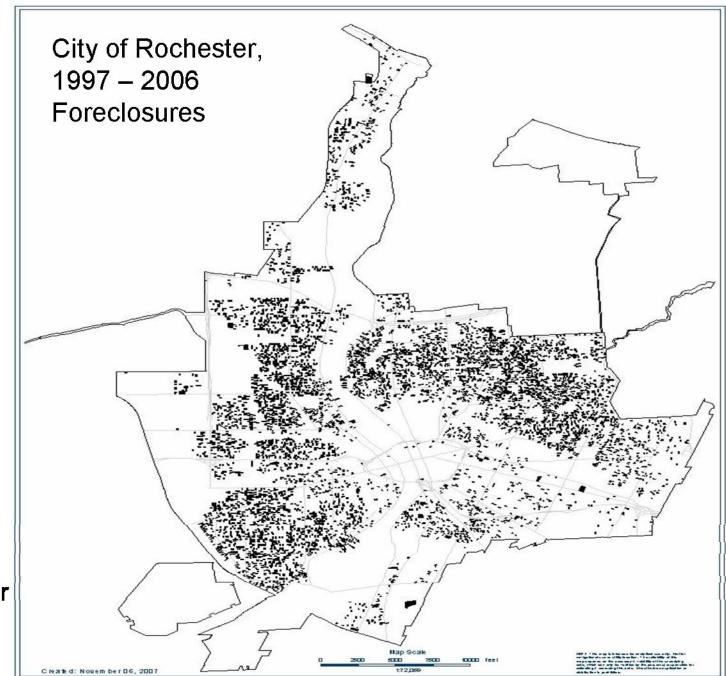
Subprime loans going into foreclosure will exacerbate a decade old problem –

-- there were *13,384 foreclosures* in the City of Rochester between 1997 and 2007

Rochester cannot afford to lose any more homes to foreclosure given the population decline and the large concentration of vacant homes already in many city neighborhoods.

The following map shows the accumulated impact of nearly ten years of actual foreclosures





Source: City of Rochester



What do we need to do in order to reduce foreclosures?

According to Treasury Secretary Henry M. Paulson, only 2% to 3% of homeowners in trouble actually seek assistance from their lenders.

To stop properties from being foreclosed, we need:

RESOURCES

- Housing counselors and legal services are critical to help homeowners work with lenders.
- Homeowners are more likely to reach out to non-profit or government agencies than their lenders for help.

PROGRAMS

New refinancing powers and tools are needed in order to modify loans so homeowners can get into mortgages they can afford.

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Lender Action Needed

Lenders need to acknowledge and accept that it is critical that they reduce the amounts borrowers owe. Here's why it's in their own best interest to do so:

- Many loans are under collateralized because the home appraisals were too high.
- Especially when a house is overvalued, banks lose as much as 50% of the face value of the loan if the house is sold in foreclosure.
- If lenders won't reduce the debt owed on mortgages facing default, the numbers of foreclosures will increase, and housing prices will continue to fall. As credit gets even tighter, housing prices drop even further.

By working through trained advocates, whom homeowners trust to modify their loans, lenders will be better able to preserve their investments.



Regardless of who is at fault, rewriting loans to make them work benefits *ALL OF US*, not just the homeowners.

- For every foreclosure neighboring homes lose \$7,000 to \$18,000 in value.
- When communities lose property tax revenue, everyone's taxes go up.
- Rental housing, already in low quantity in most communities, will become further stressed as the need increases to accommodate displaced families.



2008 NYS Legislative Changes

- **\$25 million** was allocated in the 2008 budget to provide direct assistance to homeowners in subprime loans:
 - Funding will go to non-profit agencies that provide direct housing counseling and legal services to homeowners with subprime loans.
 - NYS Department of Housing and Community Renewal (DHCR) is charged with distributing the funding. They are currently in the RFP process.



2008 NYS Legislative Changes: Governor's Program Bill on Foreclosure Prevention and Subprime Lending*

This new law will address two important goals:

- 1) Preventing foreclosures by providing safeguards and additional protections for homeowners with subprime loans in default; and
- 2) Providing prospective relief by creating a framework for more responsible lending.

*Signed into law by Governor Paterson on August 5, 2008.

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The first goal: Preventing foreclosures by providing safeguards and additional protections for homeowners in default:

Before a foreclosure action is filed . . .

- Starting 9/1/08, lenders will be required to send a
 pre-foreclosure notice to subprime borrowers at least 90 days
 before initiating a foreclosure proceeding.
- The notice must include referrals and contact information for five counseling agencies in the homeowner's region they can contact for assistance.

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- . . . And **after** a foreclosure action has been filed:
 - Plaintiffs filing foreclosure actions must affirmatively allege they
 are the owner and holder of the mortgage or have been
 delegated authority by the owner and holder to file the lawsuit; and
 - For actions filed after 9/1/08, a *mandatory settlement* conference will be scheduled within 60 days of the filing of the complaint to which the lender must appear and the borrower may appear even if an answer has not been filed.

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*Note: For **pending foreclosure actions**, homeowners will have a right to request a settlement conference. Notices will be sent from the court instructing them of this right.

Both the *pre-*foreclosure conferences and the *post-*filing mandatory settlement conferences need to be geared toward

LOSS MITIGATION WORKOUTS

that reflect the *real value* of properties in order to reach

LONG TERM SOLUTIONS.



The second goal: Providing prospective relief by creating a framework for more responsible lending:

- Requires subprime lenders to verify that borrowers can afford to repay their loans even after the interest rate may adjust.
- Prohibits predatory lending practices including negatively amortizing loans, prepayment penalties and the refinancing of loans to a *borrower's detriment*.
- Requires subprime lenders to escrow taxes and insurance payments.
- Creates a legal duty for mortgage brokers to act with good faith and in the interest of borrowers.
 Empire Justice (enter

Additional Provisions:

- Requires mortgage loan servicers to be registered with and regulated by the banking department.
- Criminalizes mortgage fraud.
- Regulates distressed property consultants.



About the Empire Justice Center:

- Empire Justice Center is a statewide, multi-issue, multi-strategy, non-profit law firm focused on changing the "systems" within which poor and low income families live.
- With a focus on poverty law, Empire Justice undertakes research and training, acts as an informational clearinghouse, and provides litigation backup to local legal services programs and community based organizations.
- As an advocacy organization, Empire Justice engages in legislative and administrative advocacy on behalf of those impacted by poverty and discrimination.
- As a non-profit law firm, Empire Justice provides legal assistance to those in need and undertakes impact litigation in order to protect and defend the rights of disenfranchised New Yorkers.



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 (data analysis and mapping)

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www.empirejustice.org

